

$f(x, y)$, $\exists \nabla f(x_0, y_0) ?$ 

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x}}$$

$$(x, y) \neq (x_0, y_0)$$

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) = \underbrace{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0)}$$

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) = \boxed{L} \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{[\sin(xy) - xy]}{x^2 + y^2} = -\frac{x^3 y^3}{6} + o(x^3 y^3)$$

$$\underbrace{\sin t = t - \frac{t^3}{6} + o(t^3)}, \quad \boxed{t \rightarrow 0}$$

$$\sin t - t = -\frac{t^3}{6} + o(t^3)$$

$$\boxed{xy = t \rightarrow 0} \quad ?$$

$$\sin(xy) - xy = -\frac{x^3 y^3}{6} + o(x^3 y^3)$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{x^3y^3}{6(x^4+y^4)} + \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{0(x^3y^3)}{x^4+y^2}$$

↓

$$l_1 = 0$$

↓

$$l_2 = 0$$

$$-\frac{s^4 \sin^3 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}{6}$$

$$\left| \frac{s^4 \sin^3 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}{6} \right| \leq \frac{s^4}{6} \xrightarrow{s \rightarrow 0} 0$$

$$\frac{o(x^3y^3)}{x^3y^3} \xrightarrow{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} 0$$

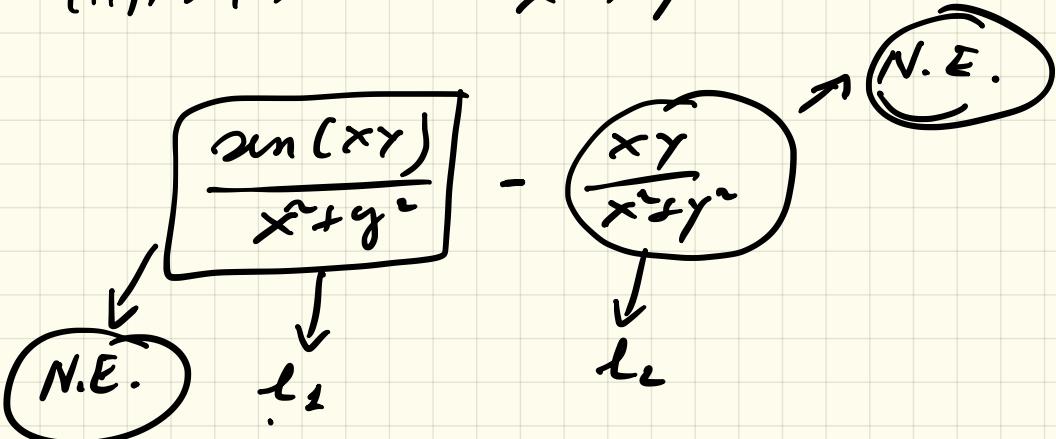
$$(H_P) \quad \frac{o(x^3y^3)}{x^3y^3} \xrightarrow{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} 0$$

$$(T_D) \quad \boxed{\frac{o(x^3y^3)}{x^3y^3}} \xrightarrow{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} 0$$

D'M.

$$\boxed{\frac{o(x^3y^3)}{x^3y^3} \cdot \frac{x^3y^3}{x^3y^3}} \xrightarrow[0]{(H_P)} 0$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\sin(xy) - xy}{x^2 + y^2}$$



$$\frac{\sin(xy)}{x^2+y^2} = \frac{\sin(xy)}{xy} \cdot \frac{xy}{x^2+y^2}$$

↓ ↓
 1 N.E.
 { }
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 N.E.

$$\sin t = t + o(t)$$

↓

$$\sin(xy) - xy + o(xy) \Rightarrow \frac{\sin(xy) - xy}{o(xy)} =$$

$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)}$

$$\frac{o(xy)}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\not\rightarrow 0$$

$$|2|xy| \leq x^2 + y^2$$

(Höp)

$$\frac{o(xy)}{xy} \rightarrow 0$$

(Tn)

$$\frac{o(xy)}{x^2+y^2} \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow} 0 ?$$

$$\left| \frac{2|xy|}{x^2+y^2} \right| \leq 1$$

D M.

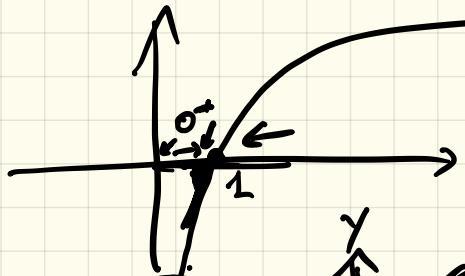
$$\frac{o(xy)}{x^2+y^2} = \frac{o(xy)}{xy} \cdot \frac{xy}{x^2+y^2} \xrightarrow{\text{con-}} \frac{1}{2}$$

monatsh. limit!

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\ln(|xy|)}{\ln(1-x^2-y^2)}$$

$\Rightarrow -\infty$
 $= +\infty$

$\ln 1 = 0$



\nexists

$$\frac{\ln(|xy|)}{\ln(1-xy)} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0^+ & \text{on } xy \neq 0 \\ 0^- & \text{on } x \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$1-xy \rightarrow 1^-$
 $1-xy \rightarrow 1^+$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \ln \left(1 + (x+y) \right) - (x+y) \quad \rightarrow \ln 1 = 0 \\
 \lim_{\substack{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)}} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{\ln \left(1 + p(x_0, x+x_0, y_0, y+y_0) \right) - g(p(x_0, x+x_0, y_0, y+y_0))} & \rightarrow 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ln(1+t) = t - \frac{t^2}{2} + o(t^2)$$

$$t = \underbrace{(x+y)}_{\downarrow 0} \quad \ln(1+(x+y)) = \underbrace{x+y - \frac{(x+y)^2}{2} + o((x+y)^2)}_{1}$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{\frac{(x+y)^2}{2} + o((x+y)^2)}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{(x+y)^2}{2(x^2+y^2)} \rightarrow l_1$$

N.E.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{o((x+y)^2)}{x^2+y^2} \rightarrow \boxed{l_2} = 0$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{(x+y)^2}{2(x^2+y^2)} =$$

$$= \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{(x^2+y^2+2xy)}{2(x^2+y^2)} =$$

$$-\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \left[\frac{-\cancel{(x+y)}}{2\cancel{(x^2+y^2)}} \right] = \frac{\cancel{xy}}{\cancel{2(x^2+y^2)}} \downarrow -\frac{1}{2}$$

$\boxed{\text{N.E.}}$

$$ab \leq \frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{b^2}{2}$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{o((x+y)^c)}{x^c y^c}$$

limitata

$$\frac{o((x+y)^c)}{(x+y)^c} = \frac{o((x+y)^c)}{(x+y)^c} \cdot \left[\frac{(x+y)^c}{(x+y)^c} \right]$$

0

$$\frac{x^c y^c + c xy^c}{x^c y^c} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1 + \frac{cxy}{x^cy^c}}{1}}$$

$$\ln(1+t) = t + o(t)$$

$$\ln(1+(x+y)) - (x+y) = o(x+y)$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \left[\frac{o(x+y)}{x^2+y^2} \right] = ?$$

$$\frac{o(x+y)}{(x+y)} \cdot$$

$$\frac{x+y}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$y=0 \in \text{exklusiv}$$
$$\frac{x}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x}$$

non eliminierbar

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{1 - \cos^4(xy)}{\sin(x^4+y^4)} = \text{N.E.}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1 - \cos^4(xy)}{x^4 + y^4}}$$

$$\frac{x^4 + y^4}{\sin(x^4+y^4)}$$

\downarrow
1

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{1 - \cos^4(xy)}{x^4 + y^4} = \overset{0}{\rightarrow}$$

$\frac{(1 - \cos^2(xy))(1 + \cos^2(xy))}{x^4 + y^4}$

2

\rightarrow N.E.

$$\frac{1 - \cos^2(xy)}{x^4 + y^4} =$$

$\frac{\sin^2(xy)}{x^4 + y^4}$

\rightarrow N.E.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x,y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f^2(xy)}{(x^2+y^2)} = N.E.$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} g(x,y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f^2(xy)}{x^2y^2}$$

$$\frac{x^2y^2}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} h(x,y)$$

$$\frac{xy}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{xy}{x^2+y^2} \right)$$

$$N.E.$$

$$Df(0,0)$$

$$f(x,y) = |x^2 + 2y|$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(0,0) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(h,0) - f(0,0)}{h} =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{|h^2|}{h} = \boxed{0}$$

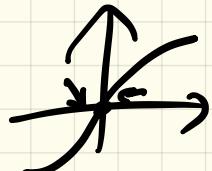
$$\partial_y f(0,0) = \lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0,k) - f(0,0)}{k} =$$

$$= \lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \frac{|\sin k|}{k}$$

N.E.

$$\nabla f(0,0)$$

N.E.



$$\lim_{k \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{|\sin k|}{k} = \lim_{k \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin k}{k} = 1 \quad (\textcircled{L})$$

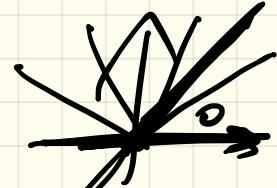
$$\lim_{k \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{|\sin k|}{k} = \lim_{k \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin k}{k} = -1 \quad (\textcircled{-1})$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{\ln(x^2+y^2)}{\ln(x^2+2(y^2))} =$$

$$= \frac{\ln(x^2+y^2)}{\ln(x^2y^2)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\ln(x^2+y^2)}{\ln|x||y|} \right] \rightarrow \text{N.E.}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x^2 y^2}{x^4 + y^4} \right) \quad N.E.$$



$$\frac{2 \sqrt{x^2 \cos^2 \alpha + y^2 \sin^2 \alpha}}{\sqrt{x^2 (\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha)}} \rightarrow f(\alpha)$$

$$2 \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= \\ y^2 &= \end{aligned}$$

